

<b>Date</b>	June 2015
<b>Region</b>	Kerikeri
<b>Variety</b>	2013 grafted G3 on Bruno seedlings
<b>Male/Female</b>	Female Gold3
<b>Identified by</b>	Grower
<b>Symptoms</b>	<p>Psa-V like cankers at the graft union.</p> <p>Swelling of the graft union was followed by bark and cambium splitting down to the xylem. When cut the xylem was red for a distance of around 10cm either side of the graft.</p>
<b>Comments</b>	<p>10 % of grafted plants (40 of 400) showed cankering around the graft. Three of the grafted plants had died after initially growing to the top of the string.</p> <p>These Bruno seedlings were planted in three blocks under a Hort16A canopy in 2012 and grafted to Gold3 in 2013. The orchard tested positive for Psa-V in September 2014.</p> <p>(Hort16A was removed following harvest 2015).</p>
<b>MPI lab ID</b>	<p>Interim report (7.7.2015) – MPI has confirmed no Psa was detected from the samples submitted. All Psa strains were tested for. Samples had included tissue from above, through and below the canker.</p> <p>MPI are further culturing the samples to determine possible cause of symptoms.</p>



<b>Date</b>	October 2014
<b>Region</b>	Whangarei
<b>Variety</b>	H16A
<b>Male/Female</b>	CK3 male
<b>Identified by</b>	KVH – independent monitoring round
<b>Symptoms</b>	Red exudate mid-way down a cane with die-back
<b>Comments</b>	Other CK3 males scattered across the block and in adjacent blocks also showed die-back symptoms. The grower reported these symptoms were seen annually in the CK3 males.
<b>MPI lab ID</b>	<p><b>Bacteria:</b>  <i>Pseudomonas fluorescens</i>; <i>Erwinia billingiae</i>(<i>Enterobacteriaceae</i>);  <i>Pseudomonas sp</i> (<i>Pseudomonadales:Pseudomonadaceae</i>); <i>Xanthomonas campestris</i> (<i>Xanthomonadaceae</i>); <i>Pseudomonas constantinii</i> (<i>Pseudomonadales:Pseudomonadaceae</i>)</p> <p>These are either environmental or endophytic bacteria</p> <p><b>Fungi:</b>  <i>Fusarium lateritium</i> (<i>Anamorphic (Hyphomycetes)</i>); <i>Fusarium avenaceum</i> (<i>Anamorphic (Hyphomycetes)</i>); <i>Diaporthe sp</i> (<i>Ascomycete</i>)</p> <p>It is likely these fungal infections arose from mechanical damage of the cane.</p>





<b>Date</b>	October 2014
<b>Region</b>	Kumeu
<b>Variety</b>	Hayward
<b>Male/Female</b>	Female
<b>Identified by</b>	KVH monitoring round
<b>Symptoms</b>	Buds with red exudate at the end of canes
<b>Comments</b>	Fourteen vines across three blocks showed these symptoms.
<b>MPI lab ID</b>	<p>Epiphytic bacteria identified:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <i>Pseudomonas sp</i> (<i>Pseudomonadales: Pseudomonadaceae</i>)</li> <li>• <i>Erwinia billingiae</i> (<i>Enterobacteriaceae</i>)</li> </ul> <p>Opportunistic fungi pathogens:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <i>Botryosphaeria stevensii</i> (<i>Ascomycetes</i>)</li> <li>• <i>Phoma pomorum</i> (<i>Anamorphic coelomycetse</i>)</li> <li>• <i>Diaporthe viticola</i> (<i>Ascomycetes</i>)</li> <li>• <i>Pestalotiopsis sp.</i> (<i>Anamorphic Coelmycetes</i>)</li> </ul>



<b>Date</b>	October 2014
<b>Region</b>	Te Puke
<b>Variety</b>	Arguta
<b>Male/Female</b>	Female
<b>Identified by</b>	Grower
<b>Symptoms</b>	Multiple cankers with exudate. Leaf wilt was followed by vine collapse.
<b>Comments</b>	A dozen Takaka Green plants were affected.
<b>MPI lab ID</b>	<i>Phaeoacremonium occidentale</i> – a fungus causing wood decay (swollen trunk disease).  It was thought the fungus was likely to have entered through pruning cuts.





<b>Date</b>	October 2014
<b>Region</b>	Waunganui
<b>Variety</b>	Hayward
<b>Male/Female</b>	Chieftan male
<b>Identified by</b>	KVH - grower visit
<b>Symptoms</b>	Red exudate at cane joints and buds
<b>Comments</b>	<p>A single vine on an outside row showed symptoms. This vine had a number of canes that failed to break bud.</p> <p>A second vine with similar symptoms was found in the same orchard in November 2014.</p>
<b>MPI lab ID</b>	<i>Phomopsis sp.</i>



<b>Date</b>	October 2013
<b>Region</b>	Whangarei
<b>Variety</b>	Gold9
<b>Male/Female</b>	Female
<b>Identified by</b>	Grower
<b>Symptoms</b>	Wilting and canopy collapse on one half of a (mature) vine. Red ooze on leaders and canes. Cracking of bark round cane sockets.
<b>Comments</b>	One vine only showed symptoms. This vine was removed.
<b>MPI lab ID</b>	Confirmed no presence of any Psa strain. Negative for cherry leaf roll virus. No phytopathogenic bacteria were isolated.
<b>Landcare Lab ID</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <i>Pseudomonas rhizospaerae</i></li> <li>• <i>Erwinia billingiae</i></li> </ul>

